

Wikiprint Book

Title: Trac Backup

Subject: TracMeteo - TracBackup

Version: 4

Date: 12/07/2021 07:29:14 AM

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Trac Backup

Since Trac uses a database backend, some extra care is required to safely create a backup of a [project environment](#). Luckily, [trac-admin](#) has a command to make backups easier: `hotcopy`.

Note: Trac uses the `hotcopy` nomenclature to match that of [?Subversion](#), to make it easier to remember when managing both Trac and Subversion servers.

Creating a Backup

To create a backup of a live [TracEnvironment](#), simply run:

```
$ trac-admin /path/to/projenv hotcopy /path/to/backupdir
```

[trac-admin](#) will lock the database while copying.

The resulting backup directory is safe to handle using standard file-based backup tools like `tar` or `dump/restore`.

Please, note, that `hotcopy` command does not overwrite target directory and when such exists, `hotcopy` ends with error: `Command failed: [Errno 17] File exists: This is discussed in ?#3198.`

Restoring a Backup

Backups are simply a copied snapshot of the entire [project environment](#) directory, including the SQLite database.

To restore an environment from a backup, stop the process running Trac (i.e. the Web server or [tracd](#)), restore the contents of your backup (`path/to/backupdir`) to your [project environment](#) directory and restart the service.

See also: [TracAdmin](#), [TracEnvironment](#), [TracGuide](#), [?TracMigrate](#)